Torah Talk—מאמרי תורה



The Parasha Letter of The Jewish Primary Day School of the Nation's Capital

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פרשת קורח ג' בתמוז תשע"ו

## Torah Reading: Bemidbar (Numbers) 16:1-18:32

In this *parasha*, Korach and his followers rebel against Moshe's and Aharon's leadership and are killed; God instructs Aharon regarding laws of the *kehuna* (priesthood).

After the rebellion of Korach is quashed, Moshe devises a test to prove once and for all that the tribe of Levi, and specifically the *Cohanim*, are supposed to be the spiritual leaders of Bnei Yisrael. Chapter 17, verses 16-26 read as follows:

טז וַיִדַבּר ה׳, אֶל-מֹשֶׁה לֵאמֹר. יז דַבּר אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל, וְקַח מֵאָתָּם מַשֶּׁה מַשֶּׁה לְבֵית אָב מֵאַת כָּל-נְשִׁיאֵהֶם לְבֵית אֲבֹתָם--שְׁנֵים עָשָׂר, מַטוֹת: אִישׁ אֶת-שְׁמוֹ, תִּרְתָּב עַל-מַשָּהוּ. יח וְאֵת שֵׁם אַהֲרֹן, תִּרְתּב עַל-מַשָּׁה לֵוִי: כִּי מַשֶּׁה אֶחָד, לְרֹאשׁ בִּית אֲבוֹתָם. יט וְהַנַּחְתָם, בְּאֹהֶל מוֹעִד--לִפְנֵי, הָעִדוּת, אֲשֶׁר אָוָעֵד לָכֶם, שָׁמָה. כַּ וְהָיָה, הָאִישׁ אֲשֶׁר אֶבְחַר-בּוֹ--מַשָּהוּ יִפְרָח; וַהֲשִׁכּתִי מַעָלַי, אֶת-תְּלַנּוֹת בְּנֵי ישְׁרָאֵל, אֲשֶׁר הֵם מַלִּינִם, עַלִיכָם. כָּא וִיִדַבּר מֹשֶׁה אֶל-בְּנֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל, וַיִּתְנוּ אַלָיו כָּוְקָרָאֵל, אֲשֶׁר הֵם מַלִּינִם, עַלִיכָם. כָּא וַיִדַבּר מֹשֶׁה אֶל-בְּנֵי ישְׁרָאֵל, וַיִּתְנוּ אַלָיו כָּל וְשָׁרָאֵל, אֲשֶׁר הֵם מַשָּה לְנָשִׁיא אֶחָד מַשָּה אָת-הַמַּטֹת, לִפְנֵי הִי, בְּאֹהֶל, כָּל-נְשִׁיאֵיהֶם מַשָּה אַהָרן, בְּתוֹד מַטּוֹתָם. כָּב וַיִנַבּח משָׁה אֶת-הַמַּטֹת, לַפְנֵי הִי, בְאָהָל, מְטוֹת; וּמַשֵּה אַהֲרָן, בְּתוֹד מַטּוֹתָם. כָּב וּיַנַיּחָר מַשָּה אָת-הַמַּטֹת, לַבְנִי הי, בְּאֹהֶל, מְשוֹת, וּזַמַשָּה אַהְרָן, בְּתוֹד מַטּהוֹתָם. כָּב וּיַשָּה אָשָּר לְבֵית אָבַרָם--שְׁנֵין מָשוֹת, וּמַשָּה אַהְרָן, בְּעוֹים מַשָּה אָמָד לַבָּים עָשָּר, וֹהָנָה מָעָר, בְעָיר מָטוֹת; וּמַשָּה אַהְרָןן, בְּתוֹד מַטוֹתָם. כָּב וּיַיּרָים מָשָּה אָת-הַמָּעוּר, וְיִבָּיר הָעָרָי, הַאָיה הָיָשִר, וּזּאָר מִים מַשָּה אָנִין הַעָּים מַשָּשָׁר אָנָין הַיָּם הַעָּהָית מַעָּיר, הָאָישׁר אַבָּר אָרָים מַשָּה אַבָּרן וּין וּיָים מַשָּהוּת הַיַעָרָת, וַיָּיָרָים מַעָּיר, הָאָרָבין אָבָיין הַייָם מַשָּה, בָּעָרָים מַשָּרָת הַיָּר מַיָּד מַיָּבָר הַיָּים בּעָרָין אַיָרָים בּיּרָבָיר הַיּנִין הַשְׁרָם מַעָּר מַיּה מָנוּים אָרָים אַירָר, וּיָיב מָעָר היי אָבָיר הָעָרָר, בָּירָבין מָעוּרָים מַשָּרין הַיּתוּין הייאַתוּין בָעָיין בִיים בּעַיר הַמָּים מָיה אָנָים מַעָּרָין בָּירָרָים מַעָּיין בְייוּם מַשָּה אָרָר אָרָרין בָיר אָין בּין בּיין הַין וּינָין בָּיָים מָעָרין מָעוּין בָּיין אָעָרין הַין אַיעין בּעָרין הָין בָּיין מָין הָין הָישָּיין אָין בָיר בּיין בּיין בּיין בּיין בּיין בָּיין בָעוּיין בּין הָיין הַיין בּין בָיין

**16** And Hashem spoke to Moshe, saying: **17** 'Speak to the children of Israel, and take from them rods, one for each father's house, of all their princes according to their fathers' houses, twelve rods; you shall write every man's name upon his rod. **18** And you shall write Aharon's name upon the rod of Levi, for there shall be one rod for the head of their fathers' houses. **19** And

you shall lay them up in the tent of meeting before the testimony, where I meet with you. 20 And it shall come to pass, that the man whom I shall choose, his rod shall bud; and I will make to cease from Me the murmurings of the children of Israel, which they murmur against you.' **21** And Moshe spoke to the children of Israel; and all their princes gave him rods, for each prince one, according to their fathers' houses, even twelve rods; and the rod of Aharon was among their rods. 22 And Moshe laid up the rods before Hashem in the tent of the testimony. **23** And it came to pass the next day that Moshe went into the tent of the testimony; and, behold, the rod of Aharon for the house of Levi was budded, and put forth buds, and bloomed blossoms, and bore ripe almonds. 24 And Moshe brought out all the rods from before Hashem to all the children of Israel; and they looked, and took every man his rod. 25 And Hashem said to Moshe: 'Put back the rod of Aharon before the testimony, to be kept there, for a token against the rebellious children; that there may be made an end of their murmurings against Me, that they die not.' 26 Thus did Moshe; as Hashem commanded him, so he did.

The verse I'd like to focus on is verse 23:

וִיְהִי מִפְּחֲרָת, וַיָּבֹא מֹשֶׁה אֶל-אֹהֶל הָעֵדוּת, וְהִנֵּה פָּרַח מַטֵּה-אַהֲרֹן, לְבֵית לֵוִי; וַיְּצֵא פָרַח וַיָּצֵץ צִיץ, וַיִּגְמֹל שְׁקֵדִים.

And it came to pass the next day that Moshe went into the tent of the testimony; and, behold, the rod of Aharon for the house of Levi was budded, and put forth buds, and bloomed blossoms, and bore ripe almonds.

Clearly, the purpose and outcome of this exercise was to show the Bnei Yisrael, beyond a shadow of a doubt, that Aharon and his descendants were meant to be the leaders of the Israelites.

But why *shkedim*, almonds? According to Rashi (11<sup>th</sup> Century Franco-Germany), it is because *shkedim* are the quickest food to blossom on the trees. (Hence the Tu B'Shvat song "*Hash'kediya Porachat,*" "The Almond Tree is Blooming.") Ibn Ezra (12<sup>th</sup> Century Spain) takes it a step further, claiming that the word "*shkedim*" is derived from the word "*she'hikdim,*" meaning "that were first (before the others)." The verb *sh'k'd* in Biblical Hebrew actually means "to make haste."

One can see all of these concepts—the blossoming almond branch, the verb *sh'k'd*, the leadership of the *Cohanim*—brought together in the first chapter of the book of *Yirmiyahu*, Jeremiah.

Yirmiyahu was a *cohen* and the primary prophet just before, during, and immediately after the destruction of the First Temple. In chapter 1 of the book bearing his name, God comes to him to initiate him into prophecy (much against Yirmiyahu's will). Verses 11-12 relate the following:

יא וַיְהִי דְבַר-ה׳ אֵלַי לֵאמֹר, מָה-אַתָּה רֹאֶה יִרְמְיָהוּ; וָאֹמַר, מַקֵּל*שְׁקֵד* אֲנִי רֹאֶה. יב וַיֹּאמֶר ה׳ אֵלַי, הֵיטַבְתָּ לִרְאוֹת: כִּי-*שֹׁקֵד* אֲנִי עַל-דְּבָרִי, לַעֲשׂתוֹ.

The word of Hashem came to me, saying: 'Jeremiah, what do you see?' And I said: 'I see a rod of an almond-tree [*shaked*].' Then Hashem said to me: 'You have seen well; for I hasten [*shoked*] My word to perform it.'

The episode of the almond rod demonstrates God's decision process about the *Cohanim* and leadership; utilizes the richness of the Hebrew language to the fullest; and models the continuity of themes and ideas throughout the Torah and the Prophets. Next time you eat an almond, think of the richness of this little nut!

Shabbat Shalom.

For Discussion:

- Look over the *parasha*. Why do you think that Hashem chose such an obvious test to appoint the *Cohanim* as leaders?
- What is the book of Yirmiyahu trying to teach us by using the same imagery as in our *parasha*?
- Why do you think the verse includes all of the following verbs: the rod ... <u>budded</u>, and <u>put forth buds</u>, and <u>bloomed blossoms</u>, and <u>bore ripe almonds</u>?