Torah Talk—מאמרי תורה



The Parasha Letter of The Jewish Primary Day School of the Nation's Capital

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פרשת עקב כ"ג באב תשע"ו アンシンシンシンシンションシンシンシン

Torah Reading: Devarim (Deuteronomy) 7:12-11:25

In this *parasha*, Moshe continues his speech to the Bnei Yisrael, reminding them to keep Hashem's commandments when they enter the land of Israel.

Chapter 8, verses 3-10 describe a literal or metaphorical partnership between Hashem and the Jewish people and the dichotomy between our physical and spiritual existences:

ג וַיִּעִנְּדָ, וַיַּרְעָבֶדָ, וַיַּאֲכִלְדָ אֶת-הַמָּן אֲשָׁר לֹא-יָדַאְתָּ, וְלֹא יָדְעוּן אֲבֹתֶידָ: לְמַעַן הוֹדִיעֲדָ, כִּי לֹא עַל-הַלָּחָם לְבַדּוֹ יִחְיָה הָאָדַם--כִּי עַל-כָּל-מוֹצָא פִי-ה׳, יִחְיֶה הָאָדָם. ד׳ שִׂמְלָתְדָ לֹא בָלְתָה, מֵעָלֶידָ, וְרַגְלְדָ, לֹא בָצַקָה-יזֶה, ה׳, יִחְיֶה הָאָדָם. ד׳ שִׁמְלָתְדָ לֹא בָלְתָה, מֵעָלֶידָ, וְרַגְלְדָ, לֹא בָצַקָה--זֶה, אַרְבָּעִים שָׁנָה. ה׳ וְיָדַעְתָּ, עִם-לְבָבֶדְ: כִּי, כַּאֲשֶׁר יְיַסֵּר אִישׁ אֶת-בְּנוֹ ה׳ אֶ לֹהֶידָ, מְיַסְּרֶדָ. וֹ וְשָׁמַרְתָּ, אֶת-מִצְוֹת ה׳ אֱ-לֹהֶידָ, לָלֶכֶת בִּדְרָכָיו, וּלְיִרְאָה לֹהֶידָ, מְיַסְּרָדָ. וֹ וְשָׁמַרְתָּ, אֶת-מִצְוֹת ה׳ אֱ-לֹהֶידָ, לָלֶכֶת בִדְרָכָיו, וּלְיִרְאָה אֹתוֹ. ז׳ כִּי ה׳ אֱ-לֹהֶידָ, מְבִיאַדָּ אֶל-אֶרָץ טוֹבָה: אָרֶץ, נַחֲלֵי מָים--עָיָנֹת וּתְרַמֹת, יֹצְאִים בַּבִּקְעָה וּבָהָר. ח׳ אֶרָץ חָשָּה וּשְׁעְרָה, וְגָפֶן וּתְאַנָה וְרִמוֹן, אָתוֹ. ז׳ כִּי ה׳ אֱ-לֹהֶידָ, מְבִסְרָבָ. ה׳ אָרָרְ-זֵית שָׁמָן, וּדְבָשׁ. שָּ אֶרֶץ, אֲשֶׁר לָא בְמָסְבֵּנֵת וּנִאכַל-בָּהּ לָשָר. הַעָחְסַר כֹּל, בָּהּ, אֶבֶרָן אֲשֶׁר אָבָנֶיהָ בַרְזֶל, וּמְהֲרָרֶיה תַּחְצַר וֹרָאן, וְמָתוּן, תַחְסַר כֹּל, בָּהִי אָרָר אַבָּרָא הַיָּרָקָם. לַשְׁבָרָים הָאָדָם. אַרָרָים הַאָרָר וּשְׁבַעַתּ-וּבָה, הָאָדָם. הָאָדָם. אָרָים הָרָרָה הַמְרָרָה, מַמְעָרָה, וּמְהָרָרָה, תַּמִים--אָרָה.

3 And Hashem afflicted you, and made you hungry, and fed you with manna, which you did not know, neither did your ancestors know; that Hashem might make you know that <u>the human does not live by bread</u> <u>only</u>, but by every thing that proceeds out of the mouth of Hashem

does the human live. **4** Your clothes did not become old upon you; neither did your foot swell, these forty years. **5** And you shall consider in your heart, that as a person disciplines his child, so Hashem your God disciplines you. **6** And you shall keep the commandments of Hashem your God, to walk in Hashem's ways, and to fear Hashem. **7** For Hashem your God brings you into a good land, a land of brooks of water, of fountains and depths, springing forth in valleys and hills; **8** a land of wheat and barley, and vines and fig-trees and pomegranates; a land of olive-trees and honey; **9** a land wherein you shall eat bread without scarceness, you shall not lack any thing in it; a land whose stones are iron, and out of whose hills you may dig brass. **10** <u>And you shall eat and be satisfied, and bless Hashem your God for the good land which Hashem has given you.</u>

These verses open with the principle, "The human does not live by bread only," or as the aphorism is most commonly known, "Man does not live by bread alone." There is more to existence than sustenance of our physical selves; there is the care and sustenance of our spiritual sides, our souls. How do we sustain these? By communing with God, with God's world, with God's creatures, and with other humans.

God made a covenant with the Jewish people. Hashem would take care of us in partnership with our own efforts to take care of ourselves, and we would take care of following Hashem's commandments and living according to the Torah.

This is essentially what this section of the Torah is saying. When the Jews needed Hashem's help in the wilderness with food and clothing, Hashem took care of us. But now as they are on the verge of entering the Land—a land flowing with milk and honey, replete with water, edible vegetation, and minerals—they must provide for their own food and clothing needs.

And after we eat, the verse reminds us, עַל-הָאָרֶץ הַטּּבָה, עַל-הָאָרֶץ הַיּדָ, עַל-הָאָרֶץ הַיּדָ, עַל-הָאָרָץ הַטּבָה" – it is proper to "bless Hashem your God for the good land which Hashem has given you." (This is the biblical source for *Birkat Hamazon* [Grace After Meals].) Aside from keeping our end of the covenant, this practice will bring sustenance to our souls by helping us realize that we eat not only for satiation, but for fuel to keep us going so that we can do good work on this earth during the time that we inhabit it.

I wish everyone a Shabbat Shalom replete with physical and spiritual sustenance, and I look forward to seeing everyone back at school on Monday.

Shabbat Shalom

For Discussion:

- What is a soul? How do we care for it?
- Hashem provided food and clothing for the Bnei Yisrael in the wilderness. Your parents provide you with food and clothing. What else do they provide you with that you need? Do you think Hashem helped Bnei Yisrael with these needs in the wilderness? If so, how?
- How can you, at whatever age you are, help make the world a better place?