מאמרי תורה - Torah Talk



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פרשות מטות-מסעי ב' במנחם אב תשע"ח

Torah Reading: Bemidbar (Numbers) 30:2-36:13

In Parashat Matot, Moshe describes the laws of oaths; the Bnei Yisrael battle the Midianites; and the tribes of Reuven and Gad request to dwell outside of the Land of Israel. In Parashat Masei, the final parasha of the book of Bemidbar (Numbers), the Bnei Yisrael stand on the banks of the Jordan River, ready to enter into the Promised Land. First, the path of their journey is reviewed and then the laws pertaining to the division of the Land are given. The boundaries of the Land of Yisrael are described and instructions are given to establish cities for the Levi'im (Levites) as well as Arei Miklat (Cities of Refuge). The book concludes with an affirmation of the claim on land of the daughters of Tzelophchad.

Let's take a closer look at the episode of Reuven and Gad's request to live outside of the borders of the Land (chapter 32), paying particular attention to a specific word that appears multiple times in this passage:

א וּמִקְנֵה רַב, הַיַּה לִבְנֵי רְאוּבֵן ַוֹלְבָנֵי-גַד--עַצוּם מִאֹד ; וַיִּרְאוּ אֵת-אָרֶץ יַעְזֶר, וְאֵת-אֵרֶץ גִּלְעָד, וְהְנֵּה הַמַּקוֹם, מִקוֹם מִקְנֵה.

1 Now the children of Reuven and the children of Gad had a very great multitude of cattle; and when they saw the land of Yazer, and the land of Gilad, that, behold, the place was a place for cattle,

ב וַיַּבֹאוּ בְנֵי-גַד, וּבְנֵי רְאוּבֵן; וַיּאמָרוּ אֱל-מֹשֶׁה וְאֱל-אֱלְעֲזַר ָהַכַּהֶן, וְאֵל-נְשִׂיאֵי הַעֲדָה לֵאמֹר.

2 the children of Gad and the children of Reuven came and spoke to Moshe, and to Elazar the priest, and to the princes of the congregation, saying:

ָעַדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל--אֶרֶץ מִקְנֵה, הָוֹא ;

י לְפָגֵי ה' לְפָגֵי ... דָאַרֶץ, אֲשֵׁר הְכָּה ה' לְפָגֵי ... לָ אַנֶּר ... לָבָנִי congregation of Yisrael, is a land for cattle, and your יבְעַבְדֵידּ, מִקְנֵה. servants have cattle.'

בְּעֵינֶידְּ--יֻתַּן אֶת-הָאָרֶץ הַזּאֹת בְּעֵינֶידְ--יֻתַּן לַעֲבָדֶיךּ, לַאֲחַזָּה: אַל-תַּעֵבִרנוּ, אֶת-הַיַּרְדֵּן.

ליאמרוּ, אִם-מָצָאנוּ חֵן **5** And they said: 'If we have found favor in your sight, let this land be given to your servants for a possession; do not bring us over the Yarden [Jordan River].'

וַ וַיּאמֶר מֹשֶׁה, לְבְנֵי-גַד וְלְבְנֵי רְאוּבֶן: הַאַחֶיכֶם, יַבֹאוּ לַמְלַחֲמָה, וָאַתֵּם, תֵּשָׁבוּ פֹה.

6 And Moshe said to the children of Gad and to the children of Reuven: 'Shall your kin go to war, and shall you sit here?

ז וַלַמַּה תנואון (תְנִיאוּן), אֱת-לֶב זֹ וַלַמַּה ָבָנִי יִשְׂרָאֵל--מֵעֲבֹר, אֱל-הָאָרֵץ, אַשֶּׁר-נָתַן לָהֶם, ה'....

7 And why will you turn away the heart of Bnei Yisrael from going over into the land which Hashem has given them?...

טז וַיִּגְשׁוּ אֱלַיו וַיּאמְרוּ, גְּדָרת צאן נבנה למקננו פה, וערים, לטפנו.

16 And they came near to him, and said: 'We will build sheepfolds here for our cattle, and cities for our little ones;

יז וַאַנַחָנוּ נַחַלֶץ חַשִּׁים, לִפְנֵי בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל, עַד אֲשֶׁר אִם-הַבִּיאנִם, אֶל-מָקוֹמָם; וְיַשַׁב טַפֵּנוּ בְּעַרֵי ַהַמָּבְצַר, מִפָּנֵי יֹשְׁבֵי הַאַרֵץ.

17 but we ourselves will be ready armed to go before Bnei Yisrael, until we have brought them to their place; and our little ones shall dwell in the fortified cities because of the inhabitants of the land.

יח לא נָשוּב, אֱל-בַּתֵּינוּ--עַד, הָתְנַחֵל בָּנֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל, אִישׁ, נַחַלַתוֹ.

18 We will not return to our houses, until Bnei Yisrael have inherited every person his inheritance.

יט כַּי לא נַנַחַל אַתַּם, מַעבַר לַיַּרְדָּן וַהַלְאַה: כִּי בַאַה נַחַלַתֵנוּ אַלֵינוּ, מֵעֶבֶר הַיַּרְדָּן מִזְרַחָה.

19 For we will not inherit with them on the other side of the Yarden, and forward, because our inheritance is fallen to us on this side of the Yarden eastward.'

תַּעֲשׂוּן אֶת-הַדָּבָר הַזֶּה: אִם-תַּחָלְצוּ לִפְנֵי ה', לַמִּלְחָמָה.

ביּאֹמֶר אֲלֵיהֶם מֹשֵׁה, אִם־ 20 And Moses said to them: 'If you will do this thing: if you will arm yourselves to go before Hashem to the war,

-מַרְדָּן, לפְנֵי ה', עַד הוֹרִישׁוֹ אֵת אֹיָבָיו, מְפַּנֵיו.

בא וְעָבַר לָכֶם כָּל-חָלוּץ אֵת- **21** and every armed man of you will pass over the Yarden before Hashem, until He has driven out His enemies from before Him,

22 and the land be subdued before Hashem, and בב וְנְכִבְּשָׁה הָאָרֵץ לִפְנֵי ה', וְאַחֵר ,'קּשָׁבוּ--וְהְיִּתֶם נְקִיּם מֵה you return afterward; then you shall be clear before

וּמִיִּשִּׂרָאֵל; וְהַיִּתָּה הָאָרֵץ הַזּאֹת Hashem, and before Yisrael, and this land shall be to you for a possession before Hashem. לֶּכֶם, לַאֲחֵזָּה--לִּפְנֵי הֹיֹּ.

.אֲשֶׁר תִּמְצָא, אֵתִכֶם you.

בּל, הַנֵּה 23 But if you will not do so, behold, you have sinned , חַטַאתֶם לַה' ; וּדְעוּ, חַטַאתְכם, against Hashem; and know your sin which will find

תַעשוּ.

,בְּבֶּם עָרִים לְטַפְּבֵם, **24** Build your cities for your little ones, and folds for ,וֹנְאַכֶּם; וְהַיּצֵא מִפִּיכֶם your sheep; and do that which has proceeded out of your mouth.'

ַבַּאֲשֶׁר אֲדֹנִי מִצְוַה.

25 And the children of Gad and the children of אָל-מֹשֶׁה לֵאמֹר: עֲבָּדֶיוּדְּ יַצְשׁוּ, Reuven spoke to Moshe, saying: 'Your servants will do as my lord commands.

בל טַפֵּנוּ נָשִׁינוּ, מִקְנֵנוּ וְכַל־ 26 Our little ones, our wives, our flocks, and all our בּהֶמְתֵּנוּ--יִהְיוּ-שָׁם, בּּעָרי הַגִּלעַד. cattle, shall be there in the cities of Gilad;

דּבֵר....

ָלּיץ צָבָא, פֿל-חֲלוּץ צָבָא, **27** but your servants will pass over, every man that is armed for war, before Hashem to battle, as my lord says.'...

כט וַיּאמֶר מֹשֶׁה אֱלֶהֶם, אָם-יַעַבָרוּ בָנֵי-גַד וּבָנֵי-רָאוּבֶן אִתְּכֶם אֶת-הַּיַּרְדֶּן כַּל-חַלוּץ לַמִּלְחַמָה ַלְפָנֵי ה׳, וְנָכָבָּשָׁה הָאָרֵץ, לְפָנֵיכֶם--וּנְתַתֵּם לָהֵם אֵת-אֵרֵץ הַגִּלְעַד,

29 And Moshe said to them: 'If the children of Gad and the children of Reuven will pass with you over the Yarden, every man that is armed to battle, before Hashem, and the land shall be subdued before you, then you shall give them the land of Gilad for a possession;

,ל וָאָם-לֹא יַעֲבָרוּ חֱלוּצִים ַכָּנַעַך.

30 but if they will not pass over with you armed, they shall have possessions among you in the land of Cana'an.'

לא וַיַּעֵנוּ בְנֵי-גַד וּבְנֵי רְאוּבֵן, לאמר: אַת אַשֶּׁר דָּבֶּר הh אֵל-ָעַבָּדֵיךּ, כֵּן נַעֲשֵׂה.

31 And the children of Gad and the children of Reuven answered, saying: 'As Hashem has said to your servants, so will we do.

ָאֶרֶץ כָּנָעַן ; וְאִתַּנוּ אֲחָזַת נַחַלַתְנוּ, מֵעֲבֶר לַיַּרְדָּן.

32 We will pass over armed before Hashem into the land of Cana'an, and the possession of our inheritance shall remain with us beyond the Yarden.'

The word "Yarden" appears six times in this episode. It is a *milah manchah*, a guide word, clueing us in on one possible message in this section of the text. The people of Gad and Reuven are making it quite clear to Moshe that they have no interest in crossing the Jordan River and entering the Land.

Now place yourself in Moshe's shoes. More than anything else in his life, he wants to enter the Land of Israel, and has been told by God that he will never be allowed to do so, shattering his dream of 40 years. Then, here come these people cavalierly asserting that they could not care less about the land – in order to have room for their cattle on the east side of the river, no less! How must have Moshe felt when faced with this attitude? His greatest wish was being minimized by two of the twelve tribes of Yisrael.

Despite what might have elicited despair from Moshe, he once again behaves like a leader, finding a way to satisfy their request while assuring that the rest of the nation would remain safe while conquering the Land.

We learn what a stellar leader Moshe was, conquering his personal feelings for the sake of the nation. However, a more important lesson to take away from this section is that even when we want to question or reject the status quo, even when we want to cause positive disruption, we need to take a moment to put ourselves in the shoes of others whom this request or disruption might affect. This is often a tall order and yet, it is an act that this section seems to indicate is expected of us as we develop into empathetic and compassionate people.

Shabbat Shalom.

For Discussion:

- How might you have felt in this situation if you were Moshe?
- What could the tribes of Gad and Reuven have done or said to mitigate any hurt that Moshe might feel in response to their request? Why do you think they did not do or say anything along those lines?
- Count the number of times that the word "cattle" and related words appear in this section. Do you think that "cattle" is also a guide word? If so, what is it trying to tell us about the one of the themes of this section of text?